Statistics 3858b Assignment 3 $\,$

Handout Feb 25, 2015; Due date: March 11, 2015

These problems are all from the course text unless otherwise stated.

- 1. 9.11: 4, 17, 23, 25, 30 a-b, 37
- $2. \ 10.9: 19$
- $3. \ 11.6: 7 \ , \ 10, \ 33$

4. A Markov chain with state space $\{0, 1\}$ has transition matrix

$$P = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \alpha & 1 - \alpha \\ 1 - \beta & \beta \end{array}\right) \; .$$

Suppose the starting value for the Markov chain is $X_0 = 0$, and that data given this starting position is X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n . The initial state is $x_0 = 0$.

- (a) Give the log likelihood function. Obtain a formula for the MLE of α and β .
- (b) A data set of length n + 1, with n = 200 is obtained and has the following summary statistics

$$n_{0,0} = 95, n_{0,1} = 32, n_{1,0} = 32, n_{1,1} = 41$$

where $n_{l,k}$ counts the number of transitions from state l to state k in the data.

Obtain the maximum likelihood estimators of α and β .

- (c) Using always the starting value or initial value of X₀ = 0, write R code to obtain the parametric bootstrap simulation approximation for the sampling distribution of the MLE.
 You may make use of some relevant R functions given on the assignments page (I will post these soon) in your R code. These allow you to simulate the two state Markov chain and
- (d) Using your code and the estimates above give the 95% confidence interval for α based on the parametric bootstrap approximation, with M = 500 bootstrap replicates.

Some suggested problems (not to be handed in)

calculate the sample statistics needed.

9.11:6,21,26,40

10.9 : 19 For the cdf'f F, G in what would a QQnorm plot look like. The student should think about this, sketching quantiles of F versus standard normal, and then quantiles of G versus standard normal. Next write a simulation program and produce some of the qqnorm plots for these cases, say size n = 50, 100. Similarly the student should do the same for understanding qqnorm plots when the r.v.s X_1, \ldots, X_n are iid from exponential parameter $\lambda = 1$.

11.6 : 21 (part e means parametric bootstrap), 33